Charles T. Mehlman, DO, MPH

Current Practice/Center/Institution:

Professor, Pediatrics and Pediatric Orthopaedic Surgery / Director, Musculoskeletal Outcomes Research / Co-Director, Brachial Plexus Center

Co-Director, Legg-Calve-Perthes Center / Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center

Medical School & Graduation Year:

DO: Ohio University College of Osteopathic Medicine, 1989. MPH: Harvard School of Public Health, 1998.

Place of Orthopaedic Residency and Fellowship Training: Residency: Internal Medicine, Northeastern Ohio Universities College of Medicine, Akron General Medical Center, Akron, OH; 1990-1991

Orthopaedic Surgery, Ohio University College of Osteopathic Medicine, Grandview Hospital and Medical Center, Dayton, OH, 1991-1995.

Fellowship: Pediatric Orthopaedic Surgery, University of Cincinnati College of Medicine, Children's Hospital Medical Center, Cincinnati, OH, 1995-1996

MPH, Clinical Effectiveness and Outcomes Research, Harvard School of Public Health, Boston, MA, 1996-1998.

What attracted your interest to IPSG?

As a resident and fellow I was strongly influenced by Richard Bowen, MD at the Alfred I. duPont Hospital for Children and Alvin H. Crawford, MD at Cincinnati Children's. Legg-Calve-Perthes disease is the most common hip disease that strikes children AND a major cause of hip arthritis in kids. The IPSG is aimed at leveraging world-wide brainpower to combat L-C-P.

What would you say is the most challenging part of treating Perthes Disease?

I think that the most challenging part of treating patients with Legg-Calve-Perthes disease is not setting our treatment goals high enough. L-C-P is at times still discussed as a "self-limiting disorder" AND as a "non-surgical disease". I think that our goal should be to "cure the disease" and produce as many normal hips as we possibly can.

What would you like to see accomplished through annual IPSG meetings?

It is my hope that through the efforts of the IPSG our future L-C-P patients will benefit from new knowledge gained from prospective clinical trials and randomized clinical trials. Only in this evidence-based manner can we identify the best possible ways to treat our L-C-P patients.

Read more about Dr. Mehlman here!

